

CONVERSION FACTORS FOR CHEMICAL KINETICS

Equivalent Second Order Rate Constants

A	B							
	$\text{cm}^3 \text{mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$	$\text{dm}^3 \text{mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$	$\text{m}^3 \text{mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$	$\frac{\text{cm}^3}{\text{molecule}} \text{s}^{-1}$	$(\text{mm Hg})^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$	$\text{atm}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$	$\text{ppm}^{-1} \text{min}^{-1}$	$\text{m}^2 \text{kN}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$
$1 \text{ cm}^3 \text{mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1} =$	1	10^{-3}	10^{-6}	1.66×10^{-24}	$1.604 \times 10^{-5} T^{-1}$	$1.219 \times 10^{-2} T^{-1}$	2.453×10^{-9}	$1.203 \times 10^{-4} T^{-1}$
$1 \text{ dm}^3 \text{mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1} =$	10^3	1	10^{-3}	1.66×10^{-21}	$1.604 \times 10^{-2} T^{-1}$	$12.19 T^{-1}$	2.453×10^{-6}	$1.203 \times 10^{-1} T^{-1}$
$1 \text{ m}^3 \text{mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1} =$	10^6	10^3	1	1.66×10^{-18}	$16.04 T^{-1}$	$1.219 \times 10^4 T^{-1}$	2.453×10^{-3}	$120.3 T^{-1}$
$1 \text{ cm}^3 \text{molecule}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1} =$	6.023×10^{23}	6.023×10^{20}	6.023×10^{17}	1	$9.658 \times 10^{18} T^{-1}$	$7.34 \times 10^{21} T^{-1}$	1.478×10^{15}	$7.244 \times 10^{19} T^{-1}$
$1 (\text{mm Hg})^{-1} \text{s}^{-1} =$	$6.236 \times 10^4 T$	$62.36 T$	$6.236 \times 10^2 T$	$1.035 \times 10^{-19} T$	1	760	4.56×10^{-2}	7.500
$1 \text{ atm}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1} =$	$82.06 T$	$8.206 \times 10^{-2} T$	$8.206 \times 10^{-5} T$	$1.362 \times 10^{-22} T$	1.316×10^{-3}	1	6×10^{-5}	9.869×10^{-3}
$1 \text{ ppm}^{-1} \text{min}^{-1} =$ at 298 K, 1 atm total pressure	4.077×10^8	4.077×10^5	407.7	6.76×10^{-16}	21.93	1.667×10^4	1	164.5
$1 \text{ m}^2 \text{kN}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1} =$	$8314 T$	$8.314 T$	$8.314 \times 10^{-3} T$	$1.38 \times 10^{-20} T$	0.1333	101.325	6.079×10^{-3}	1

To convert a rate constant from one set of units A to a new set B find the conversion factor for the row A under column B and multiply the old value by it, e.g. to convert $\text{cm}^3 \text{molecule}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$ to $\text{m}^3 \text{mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$ multiply by 6.023×10^{17} .

Table adapted from High Temperature Reaction Rate Data No. 5, The University, Leeds (1970).

Equivalent Third Order Rate Constants

A	B							
	$\text{cm}^6 \text{mol}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$	$\text{dm}^6 \text{mol}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$	$\text{m}^6 \text{mol}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$	$\frac{\text{cm}^6}{\text{molecule}^2} \text{s}^{-1}$	$(\text{mm Hg})^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$	$\text{atm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$	$\text{ppm}^{-2} \text{min}^{-1}$	$\text{m}^4 \text{kN}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$
$1 \text{ cm}^6 \text{mol}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} =$	1	10^{-6}	10^{-12}	2.76×10^{-48}	$2.57 \times 10^{-10} T^{-2}$	$1.48 \times 10^{-4} T^{-2}$	1.003×10^{-19}	$1.477 \times 10^{-8} T^{-2}$
$1 \text{ dm}^6 \text{mol}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} =$	10^6	1	10^{-6}	2.76×10^{-42}	$2.57 \times 10^{-4} T^{-2}$	$148 T^{-2}$	1.003×10^{-13}	$1.477 \times 10^{-2} T^{-2}$
$1 \text{ m}^6 \text{mol}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} =$	10^{12}	10^6	1	2.76×10^{-36}	$257 T^{-2}$	$1.48 \times 10^8 T^{-2}$	1.003×10^{-7}	$1.477 \times 10^4 T^{-2}$
$1 \text{ cm}^6 \text{molecule}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} =$	3.628×10^{47}	3.628×10^{41}	3.628×10^{35}	1	$9.328 \times 10^{37} T^{-2}$	$5.388 \times 10^{43} T^{-2}$	3.64×10^{28}	$5.248 \times 10^{39} T^{-2}$
$1 (\text{mm Hg})^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} =$	$3.89 \times 10^9 T^2$	$3.89 \times 10^3 T^2$	$3.89 \times 10^{-3} T^2$	$1.07 \times 10^{-38} T^2$	1	5.776×10^5	3.46×10^{-5}	56.25
$1 \text{ atm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} =$	$6.733 \times 10^3 T^2$	$6.733 \times 10^{-3} T^2$	$6.733 \times 10^{-9} T^2$	$1.86 \times 10^{-44} T^2$	1.73×10^{-6}	1	6×10^{-11}	9.74×10^{-5}
$1 \text{ ppm}^{-2} \text{min}^{-1} =$ at 298K, 1 atm total pressure	9.97×10^{18}	9.97×10^{12}	9.97×10^6	2.75×10^{-29}	2.89×10^4	1.667×10^{10}	1	1.623×10^6
$1 \text{ m}^4 \text{kN}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} =$	$6.91 \times 10^7 T^2$	$6.91 T^2$	$6.91 \times 10^{-5} T^2$	$1.904 \times 10^{-40} T^2$	0.0178	1.027×10^4	6.16×10^{-7}	1

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