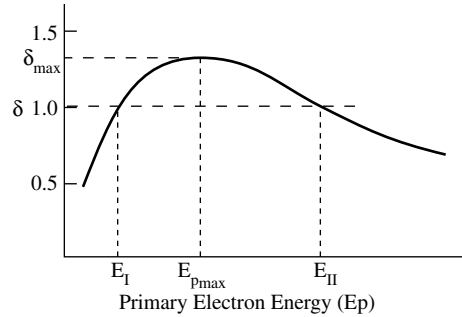


SECONDARY ELECTRON EMISSION

The secondary emission yield, or secondary emission ratio, δ , is the average number of secondary electrons emitted from a bombarded material for every incident primary electron. It is a function of the primary electron energy E_p . The maximum yield δ_{max} corresponds to a primary electron energy E_{pmax} (see figure). The two primary electron energies corresponding to a yield of unity are denoted the first and second crossovers (E_I and E_{II}). An insulat-

ing target, or a conducting target that is electrically floating, will charge positively or negatively depending on the primary electron energy. For $E_I < E_p < E_{II}$, $\delta > 1$ and the surface charges positively provided there is a collector present that is positive with respect to the target. For $E_p < E_I$ or $E_p > E_{II}$, $\delta < 1$, and the surface charges negatively with respect to the potential of the source of primary electrons.



Element	δ_{max}	E_{pmax} (eV)	E_I (eV)	E_{II} (eV)	Element	δ_{max}	E_{pmax} (eV)	E_I (eV)	E_{II} (eV)
Ag	1.5	800	200	>2000	Li	0.5	85	None	None
Al	1.0	300	300	300	Mg	0.95	300	None	None
Au	1.4	800	150	>2000	Mo	1.25	375	150	1200
B	1.2	150	50	600	Na	0.82	300	None	None
Ba	0.8	400	None	None	Nb	1.2	375	150	1050
Bi	1.2	550	None	None	Ni	1.3	550	150	>1500
Be	0.5	200	None	None	Pb	1.1	500	250	1000
C (diamond)	2.8	750	None	>5000	Pd	>1.3	>250	120	None
C (graphite)	1.0	300	300	300	Pt	1.8	700	350	3000
C (soot)	0.45	500	None	None	Rb	0.9	350	None	None
Cd	1.1	450	300	700	Sb	1.3	600	250	2000
Co	1.2	600	200	None	Si	1.1	250	125	500
Cs	0.7	400	None	None	Sn	1.35	500	None	None
Cu	1.3	600	200	1500	Ta	1.3	600	250	>2000
Fe	1.3	400	120	1400	Th	1.1	800	None	None
Ga	1.55	500	75	None	Ti	0.9	280	None	None
Ge	1.15	500	150	900	Tl	1.7	650	70	>1500
Hg	1.3	600	350	>1200	W	1.4	650	250	>1500
K	0.7	200	None	None	Zr	1.1	350	None	None

Compound	δ_{max}	E_{pmax} (eV)	Compound	δ_{max}	E_{pmax} (eV)
Alkali halides			BeO	3.4	2000
CsCl	6.5		CaO	2.2	500
KBr (crystal)	14	1800	Cu ₂ O	1.2	400
KCl (crystal)	12	1600	MgO (crystal)	20–25	1500
KCl (layer)	7.5	1200	MgO (layer)	3–15	400–1500
KI (crystal)	10	1600	MoO ₂	1.2	
KI (layer)	5.6		SiO ₂ (quartz)	2.1–4	400
LiF (crystal)	8.5		SnO ₂	3.2	640
LiF (layer)	5.6	700	Sulfides		
NaBr (crystal)	24	1800	MoS ₂	1.1	
NaBr (layer)	6.3		PbS	1.2	500
NaCl (crystal)	14	1200	WS ₂	1.0	
NaCl (layer)	6.8	600	ZnS	1.8	350
NaF (crystal)	14	1200	Others		
NaF (layer)	5.7		BaF ₂ (layer)	4.5	
NaI (crystal)	19	1300	CaF ₂ (layer)	3.2	
NaI (layer)	5.5		BiCs ₃	6	1000
RbCl (layer)	5.8		BiCs	1.9	1000
Oxides			GeCs	7	700
Ag ₂ O	1.0		Rb ₂ Sb	7.1	450
Al ₂ O ₃ (layer)	2–9		SbCs ₃	6	700
BaO (layer)	2.3–4.8	400	Mica	2.4	350
			Glasses	2–3	300–450