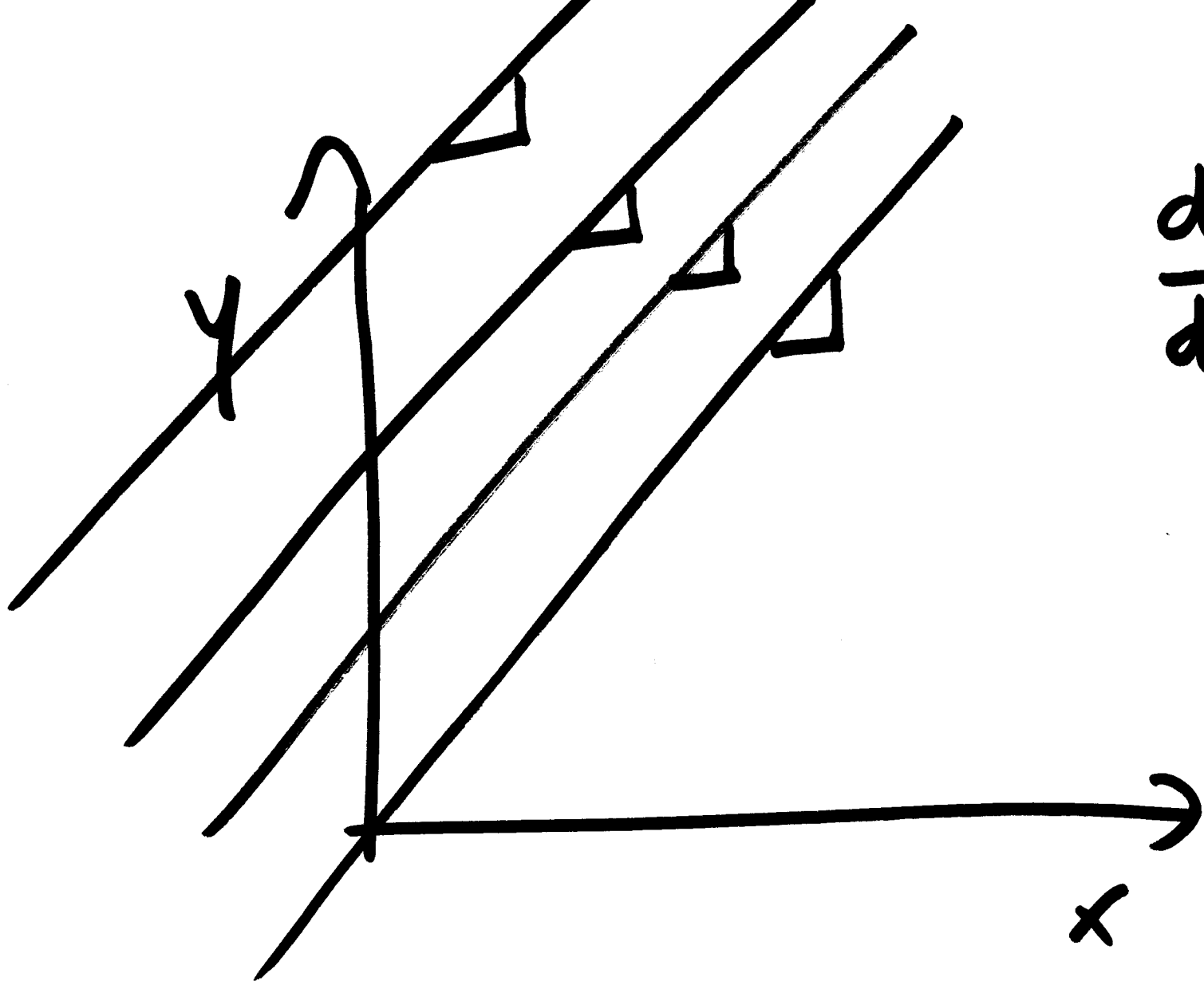


Dr. Kowalich,
LEE-10.
DUE-23-4-11

$$\frac{dL}{dt} = k_p - k_d$$

$$L = ?$$



$$\frac{dy}{dx} = m$$

$$\int dx = x + \text{constant}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x^n$$

$$\Rightarrow dy = x^n dx$$

$$y = \int dy = \int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$$

$y =$

$$\frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$$

$\frac{dy}{dx} =$

$$\left[\frac{1}{n+1} \right]$$

$\frac{d}{dx} x^{n+1}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} =$

$$\left[\frac{1}{n+1} \right] (\cancel{n+1})$$

x^n

$$x^n$$

\sim

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = kx^n$$

$$y = ?$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \underline{\underline{Kx^n}} \quad | K: \text{a const}$$

$$\int dy = \int Kx^n dx$$

$$y = K \int x^n dx \\ = K \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C \quad ?$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^x$$

$$dy = e^x dx$$

$$\int dy = \int e^x dx$$

$$y = \int e^x dx \quad \text{8}$$

$$y = \int e^x dx$$

$$= \int \left[\frac{1}{1} + \frac{x}{1} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + \dots \right] dx$$

$$= \int dx + \int x dx + \int \frac{x^2}{2} dx + \int \frac{x^3}{6} dx$$

$$y = x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^4}{24} + \dots$$

+ Constant :

$$y = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + \dots + K = e^x + K$$

$$\int e^x dx = e^x + C$$

.

||

$$y = \int \cos(x)$$

~~$\Rightarrow f(x)$~~

$$= \int \left[1 - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} - \frac{x^6}{6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} \right]$$

$$= x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \dots + C$$

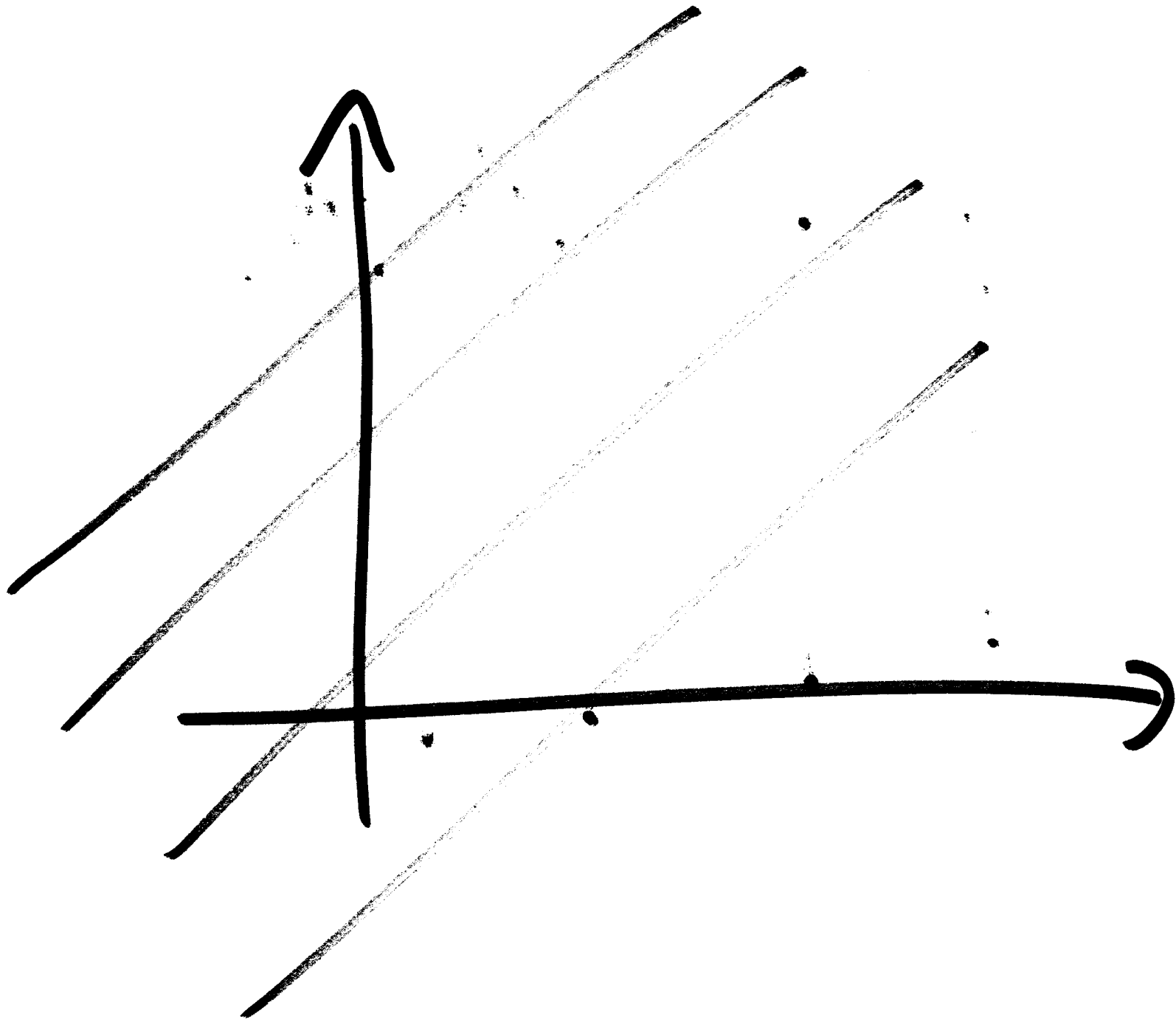
11/12

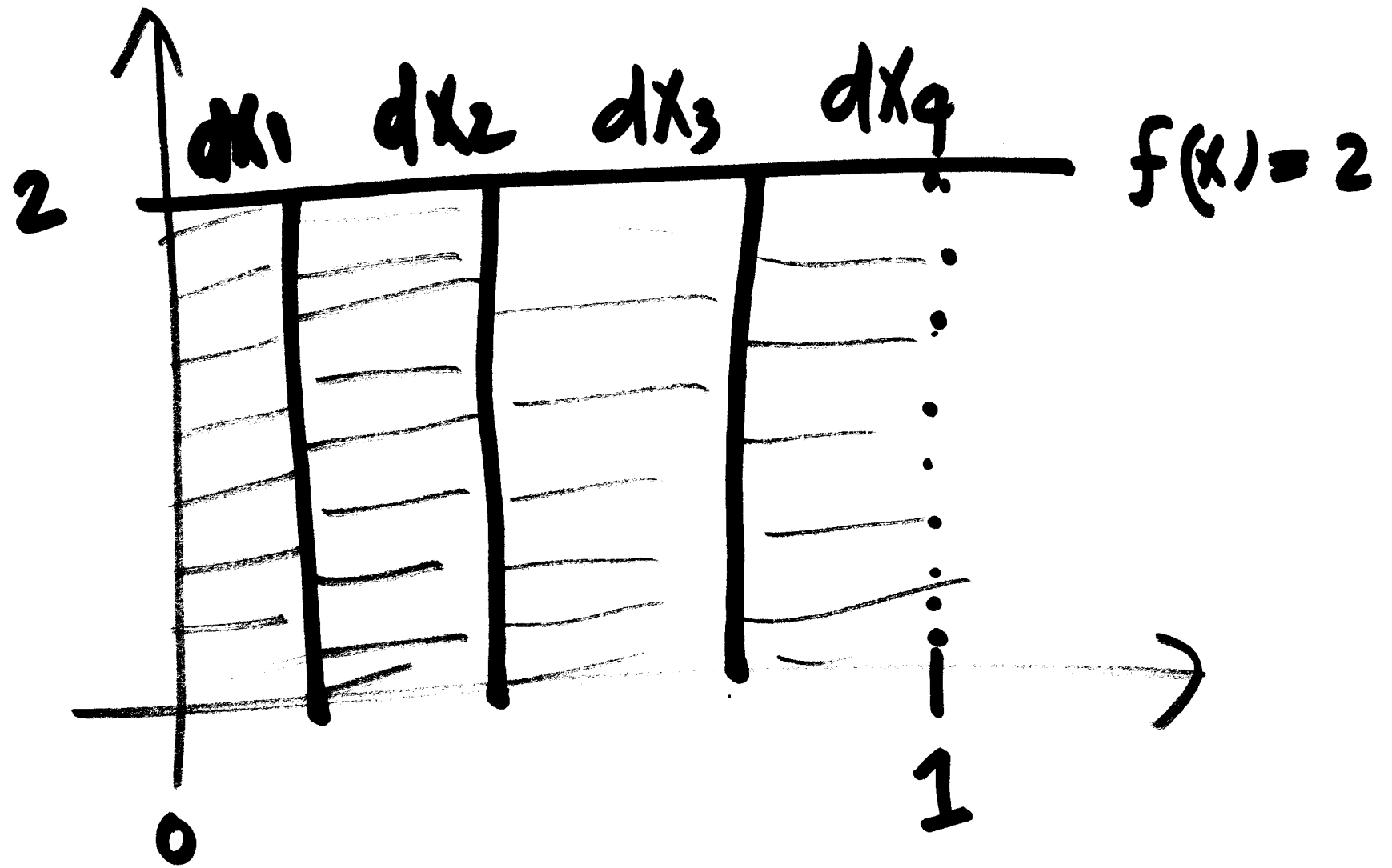
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \cos(x)$$

$$y = \sin(x) + c$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sin x$$

$$y = -\cos x + \text{Const.}$$





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$$\int f(x) dx = dx_1 f(x_1) + dx_2 f(x_2) + dx_3 \cdot f(x_3) + dx_4 \cdot f(x_4)$$

$$\int f(x) dx = \int f(x_1) dx_1 + \int f(x_2) dx_2 + \int f(x_3) dx_3 + \int f(x_4) dx_4$$

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$$\int_a^b \frac{dy}{dx} = y(x=b) - y(a)$$

Defenite integral

$$\int_a^b f'(x) = \int_a^b \frac{df}{dx} = f \Big|_a^b$$
$$= f(x=b) - f(x=a)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x$$

$$\int_0^2 dy = \int_0^2 x dx$$

$$= \left. \frac{x^2}{2} \right|_0^2 = \frac{2^2}{2} - \frac{0^2}{2}$$

$$= \underline{2}$$