



INDIAN INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE

Water Resources Systems: **Modeling Techniques and Analysis**

Lecture - 1

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Department of Civil Engg., IISc.

Course Contents

- Introduction
- Concepts of systems and systems analysis
- Optimization with methods using calculus
- Linear programming
- Dynamic programming
- Simulation
- Combination of simulation and optimization
- Multi-objective planning
- Reservoir sizing & operation
- Simulation and optimization of hydropower systems

Course Contents (contd.)

- Introduction to stochastic optimization
 - Review of probability theory
- Chance constrained linear programming
 - Reliability programming
- Stochastic dynamic programming
- Steady state and real-time reservoir operating policies
- Case studies
- Recent modeling tools
 - ANN
 - Fuzzy inference systems
 - Genetic algorithms

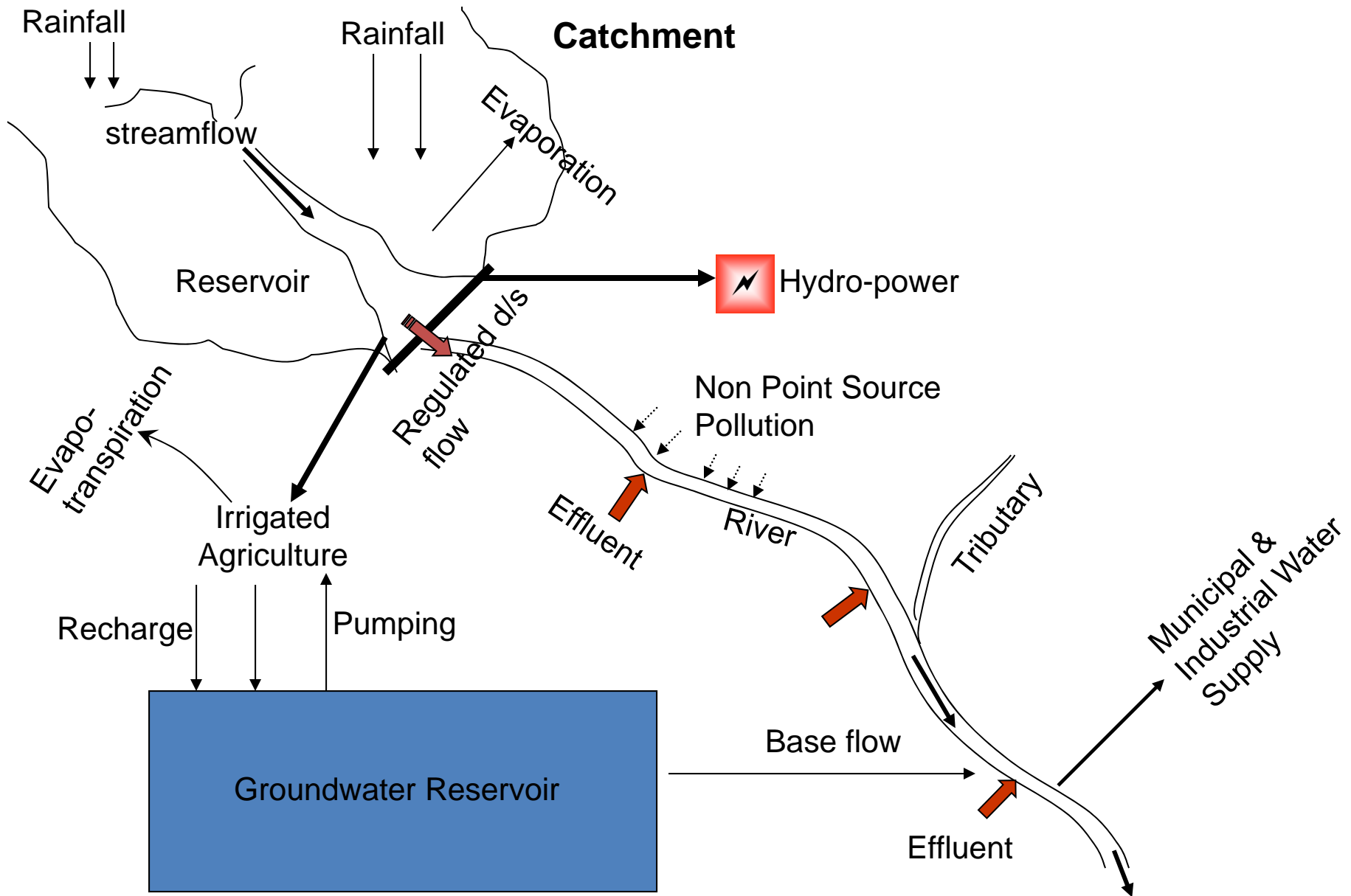
Reference books

- Loucks, D.P. and Eelco van Beek (2005). Water resources systems planning and management: An introduction to methods, models and applications., UNESCO.
- Vedula, S. and Mujumdar, P.P. (2005). Water resources systems: Modeling techniques and analysis., Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- Mays, L.W. and Tung, Y.K. (1992). Hydrosystems engineering and management., McGraw Hill, USA.
- Simonovic, S.P. (2009). Managing water resources: Methods and tools for a systems approach, UNESCO publishing, France.

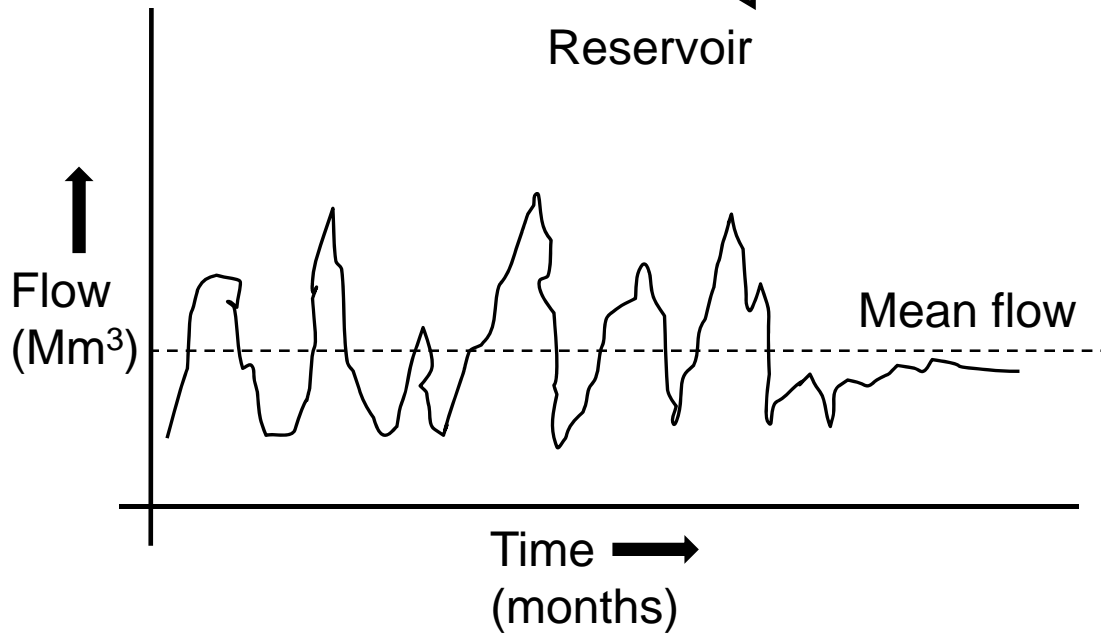
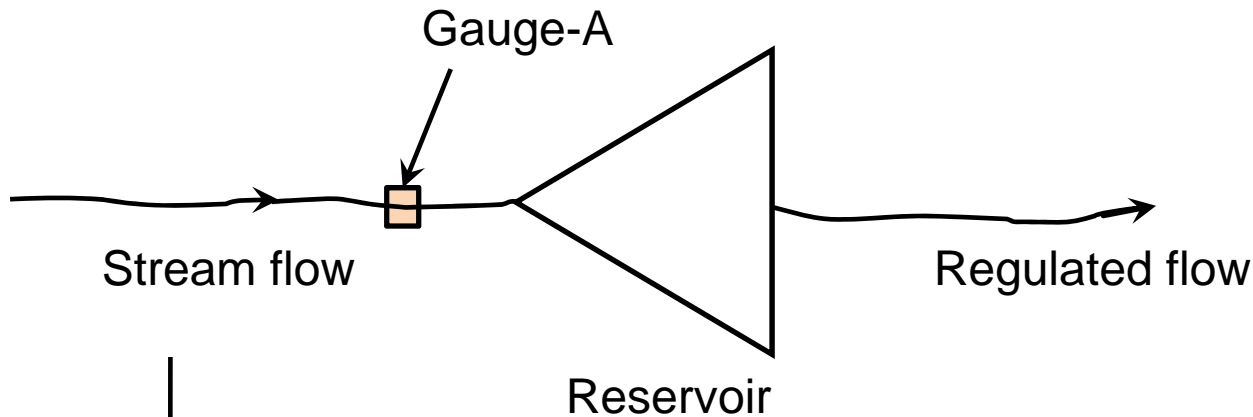
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- Jain, S.K. and Singh V. P. (2003) Water Resources Systems Planning and Management, Elsevier.
- Chaturvedi M C (1987) Water Resources Systems Planning and Management, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- Bhave, P. R., (2011) Water Resources Systems, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Hiller, F.S. and Lieberman, G.J. (2005) Introduction to Operations Research, The McGraw Hill Companies, Inc., New York.

Introduction



A Typical Water Resource System



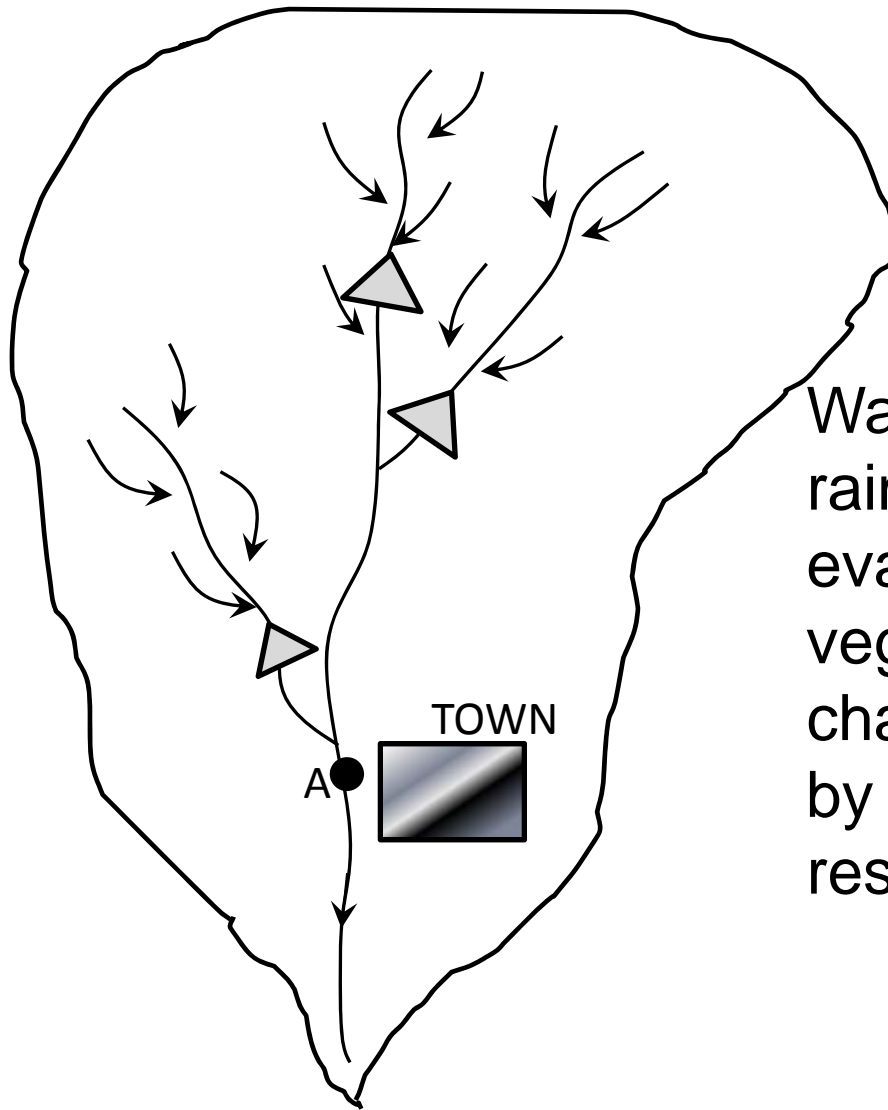
Observed (historical) flows at Gauge - A

History provides a valuable clue to the future

Reservoir Design and Operation

- What is the optimum size of the reservoir to meet a given demand
- How best can we operate the reservoir in the face of uncertainty of inflows

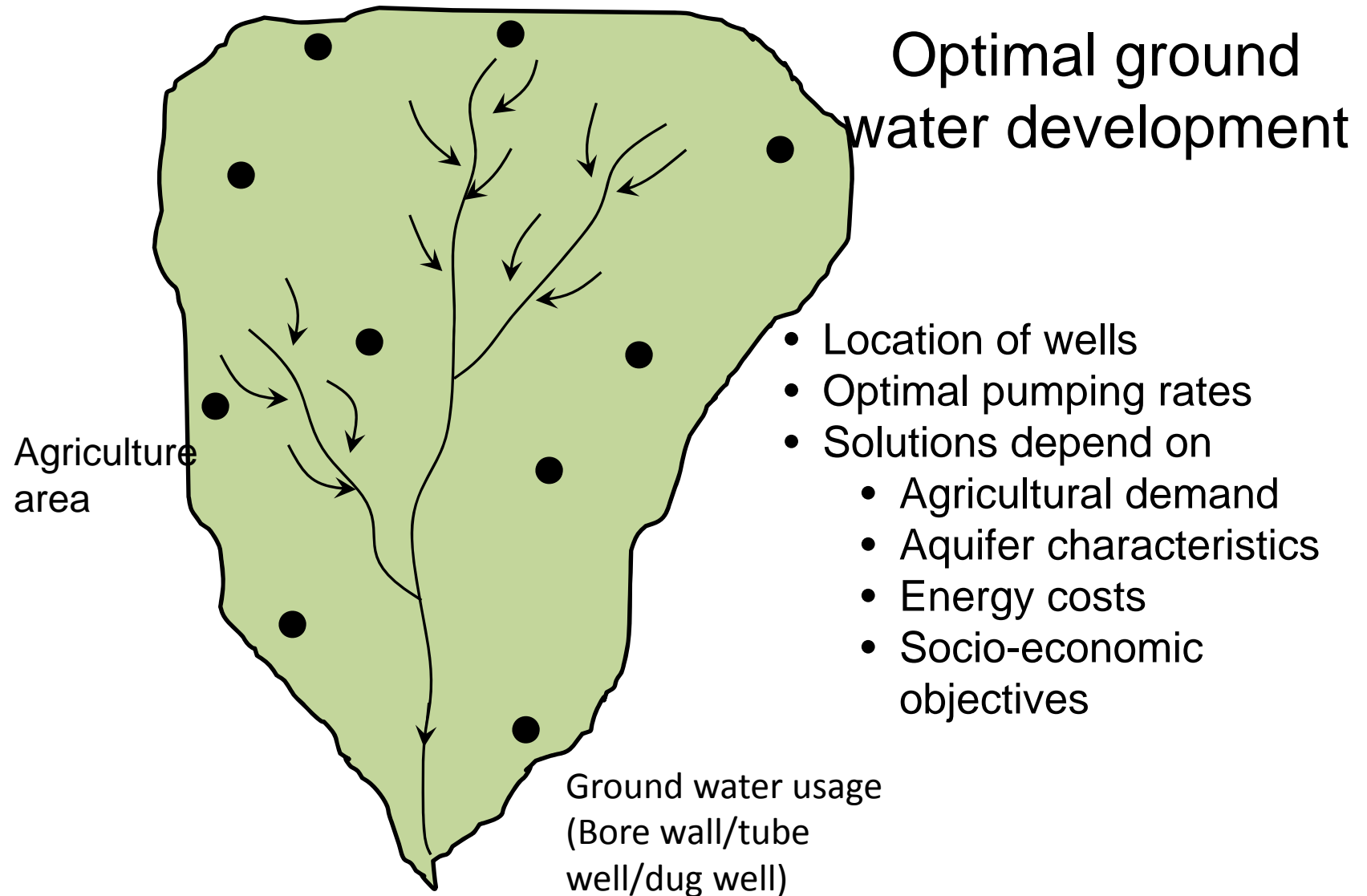
Introduction

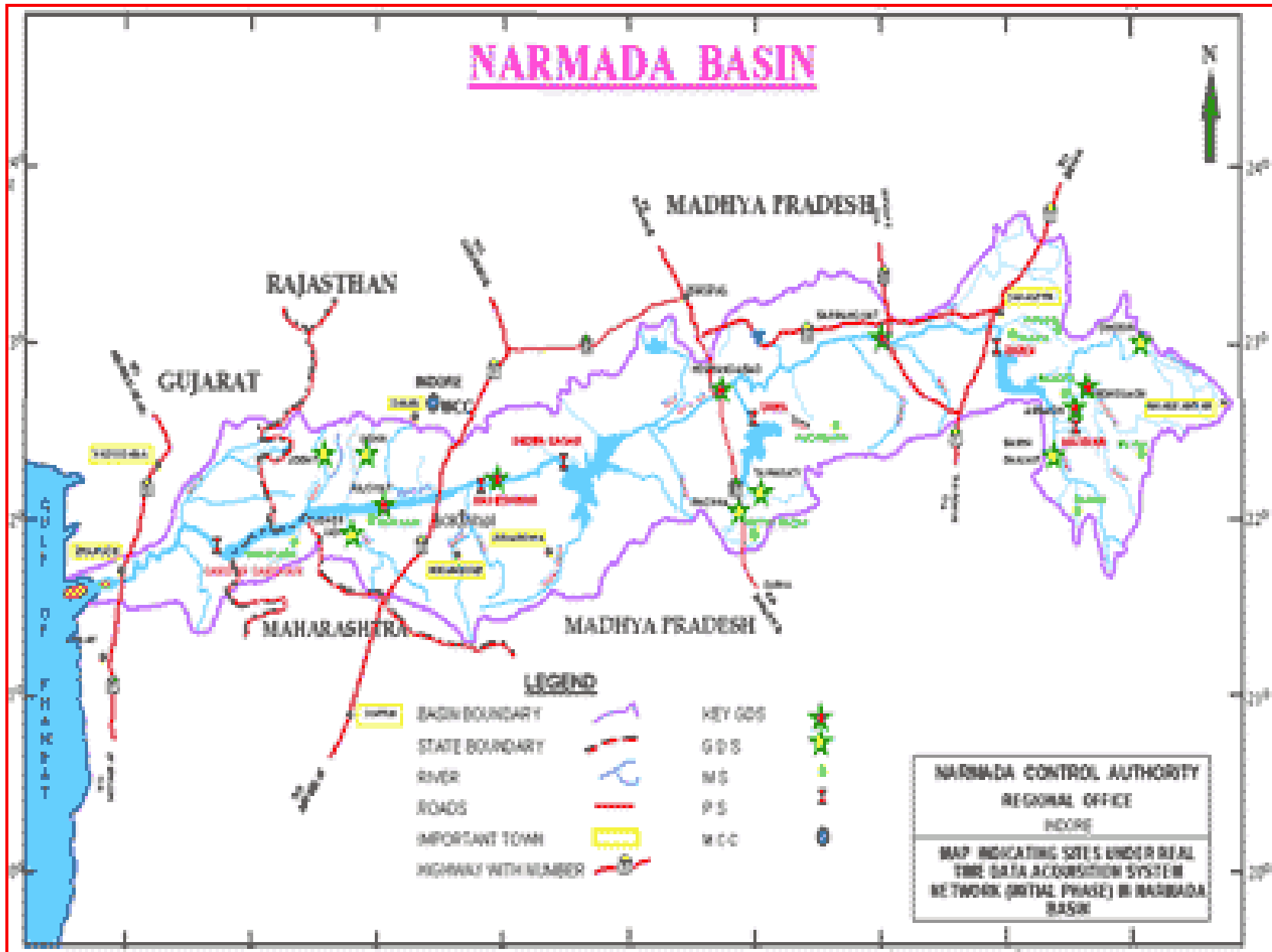


Real-time Operation for Flood Control

Water level at A: Function of rainfall in the catchment upstream, evaporation, infiltration, storage, vegetation and other catchment characteristics.; Can be controlled by operation of upstream reservoirs

Introduction



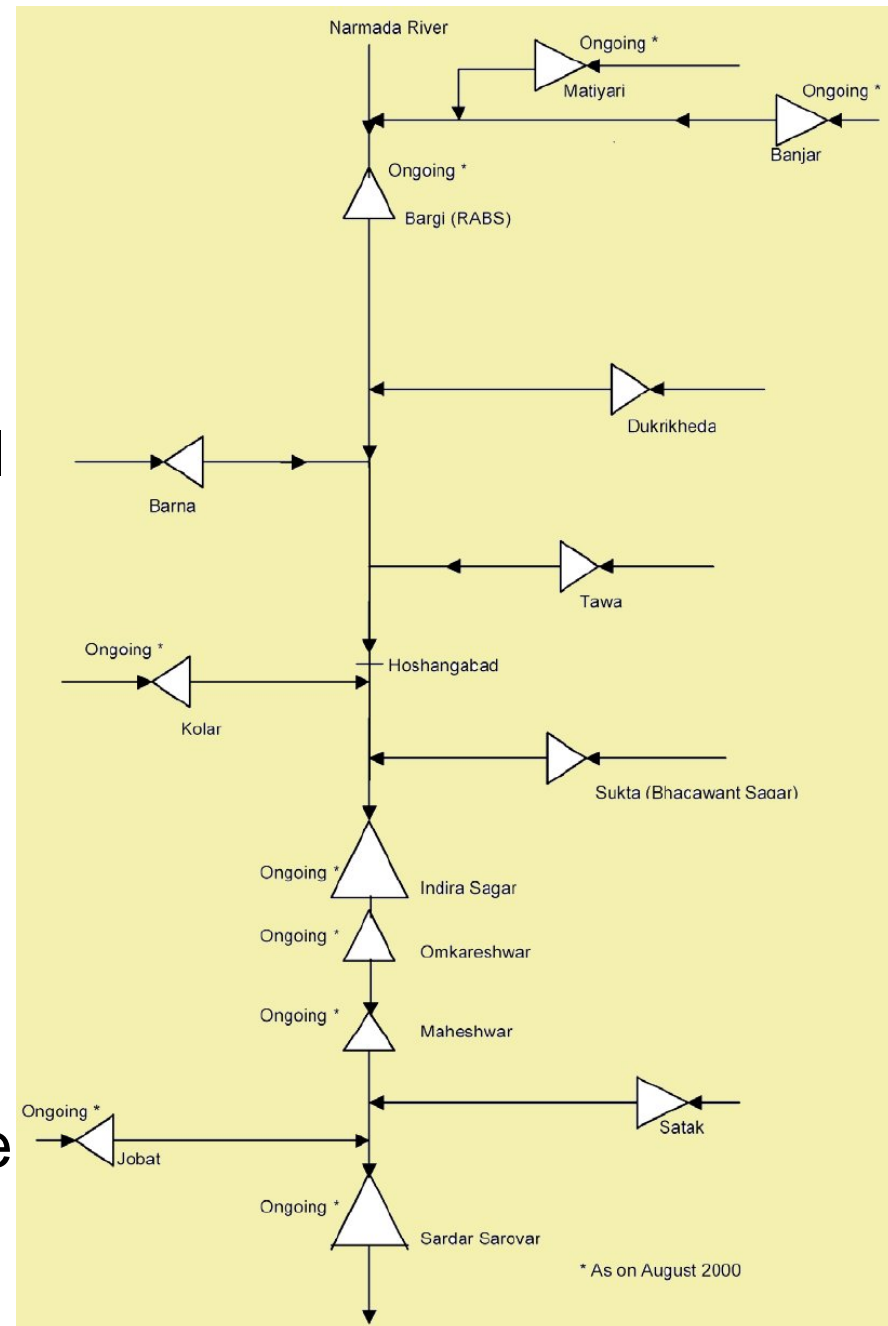


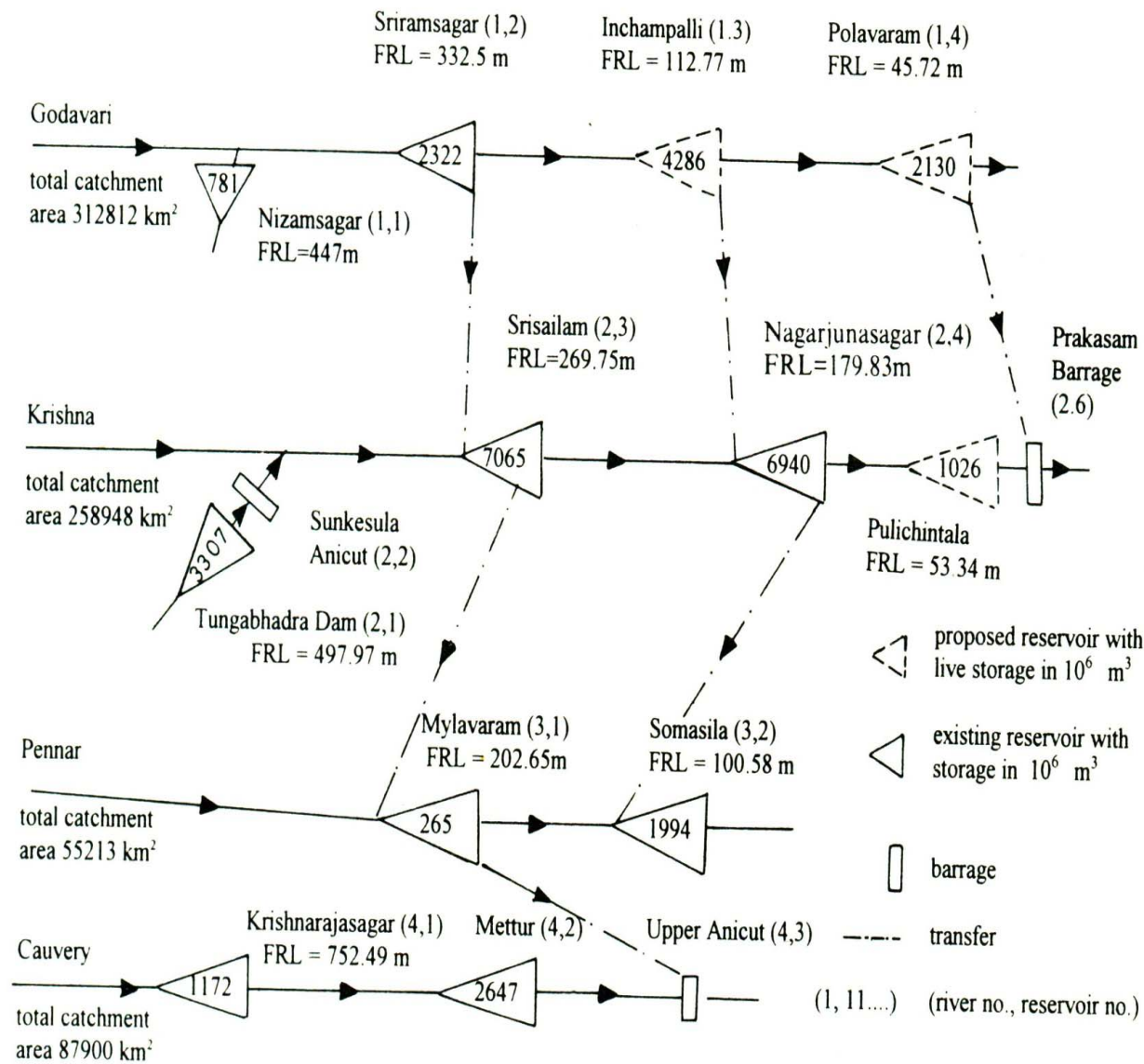
Source: Narmada Control Authority

Introduction

Multi-reservoir systems

- Flood control
- Meeting irrigation and M&I demands
- Hydropower generation
- Minimum environmental flows
- Conflicting objectives of stakeholders
- Long-term operation of the system

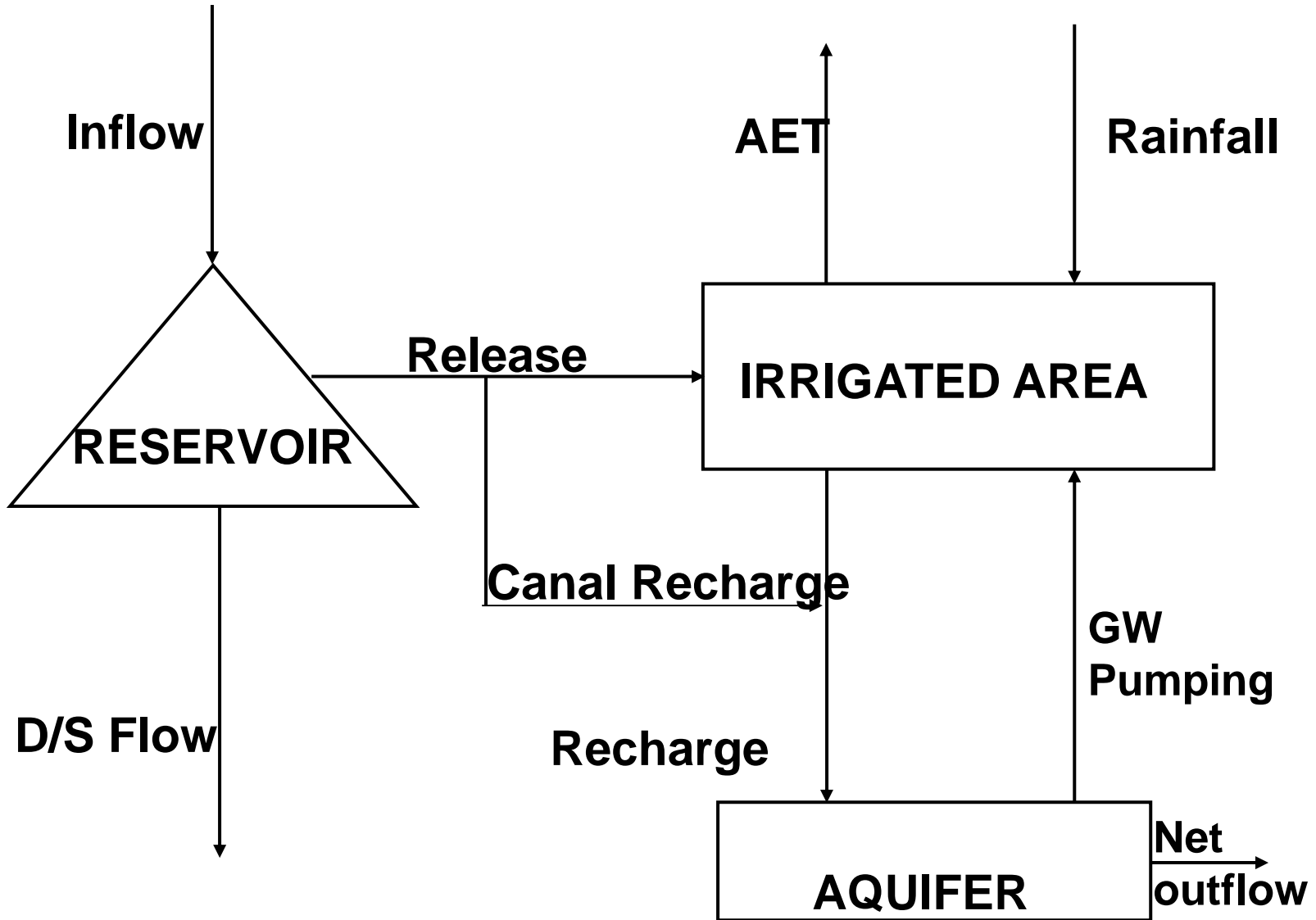




- Extent of water transfer possible in the proposed links
- Reliability of the transfers
- Intra-year operation of the reservoirs
- Maximization of irrigation potential
- Priorities of water allocations
- Environmental-ecological objectives

Interlinking of Rivers - Peninsular River System

Introduction



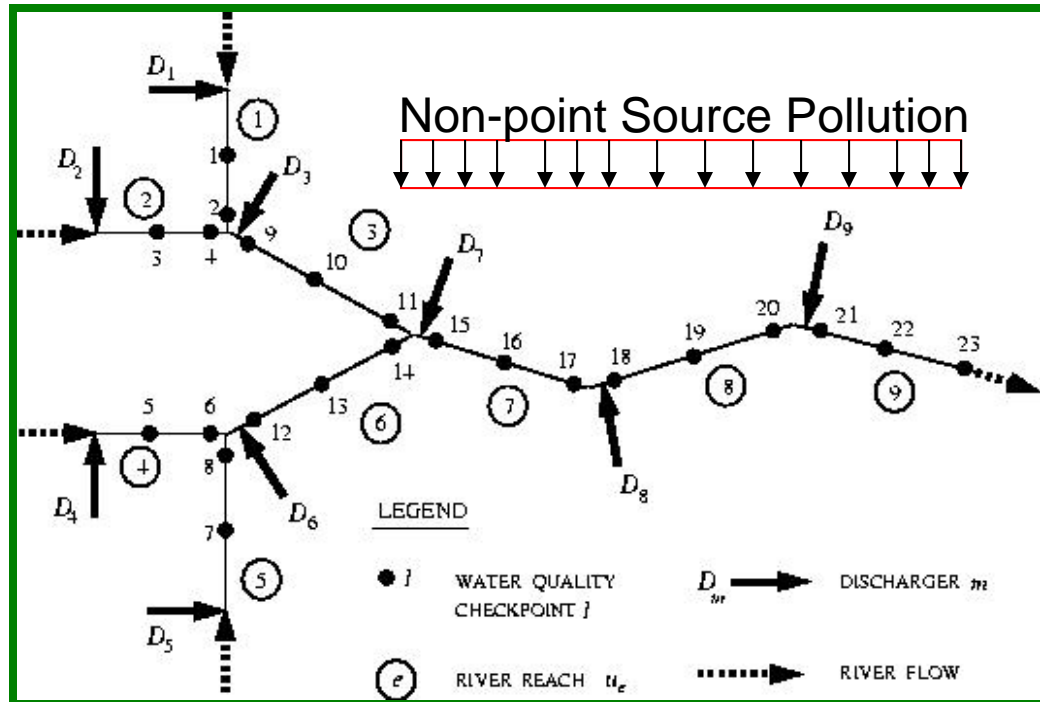
Conjunctive use of surface and ground water

Introduction

Water Quality in Streams

Governed by :

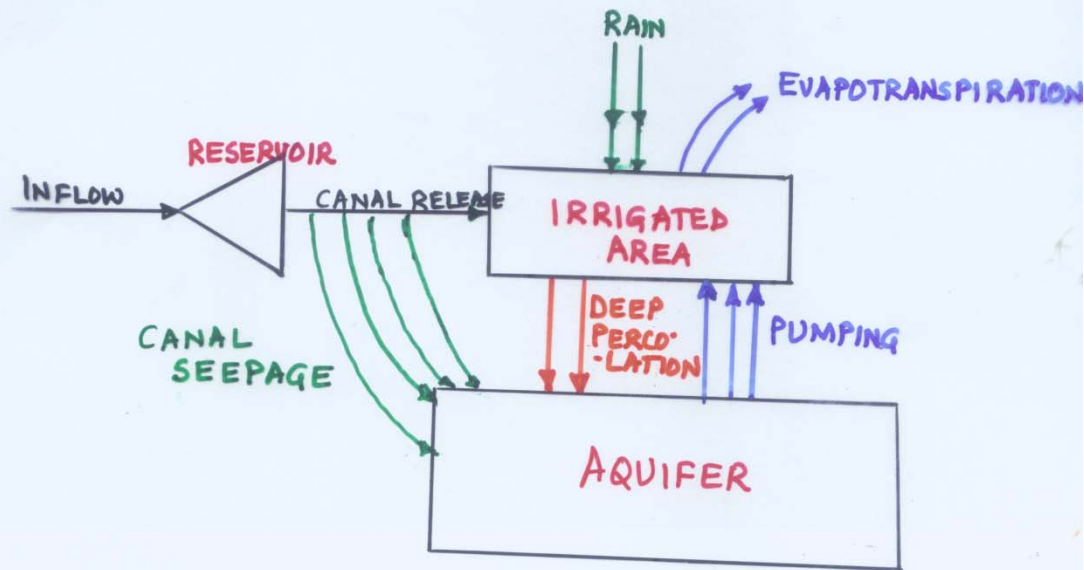
Streamflow,
Temperature,
Hydraulic properties,
Effluent discharges,
Non-point source
pollution, Reaction
rates



Optimal treatment levels to maintain water quality at various locations

TYPICAL PROBLEMS IN WATER RESOURCES SYSTEMS

- CONJUNCTIVE USE OF SURFACE & GROUND WATER RESOURCES.



- HOW MUCH TO PUMP FROM AQUIFER
- HOW MUCH TO RELEASE FROM RESERVOIR
- AQUIFER DRAWDOWN
- WATERLOGGING
- IRRIGATION DEMANDS