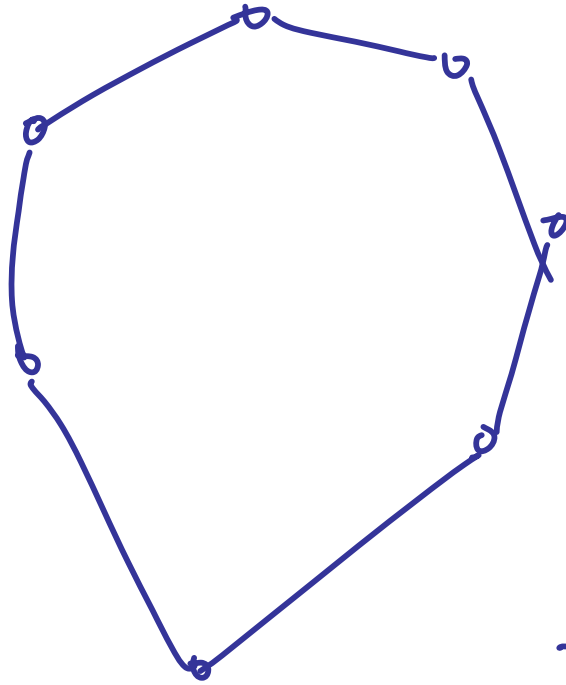


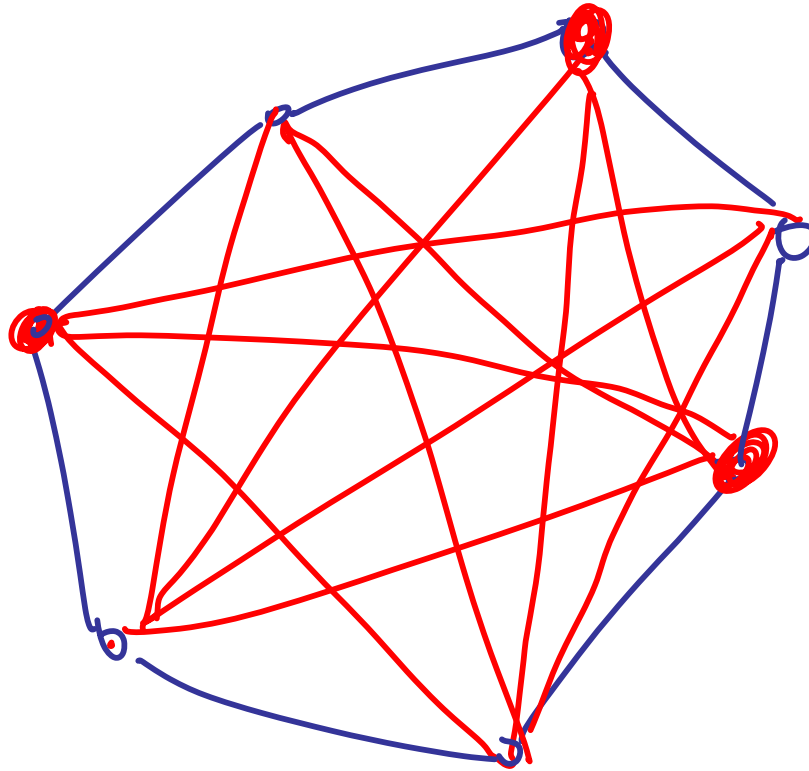
$$\omega = 3$$



$$\chi(G) = 3$$

$$\omega(G) = 2$$

$$\chi > \omega$$



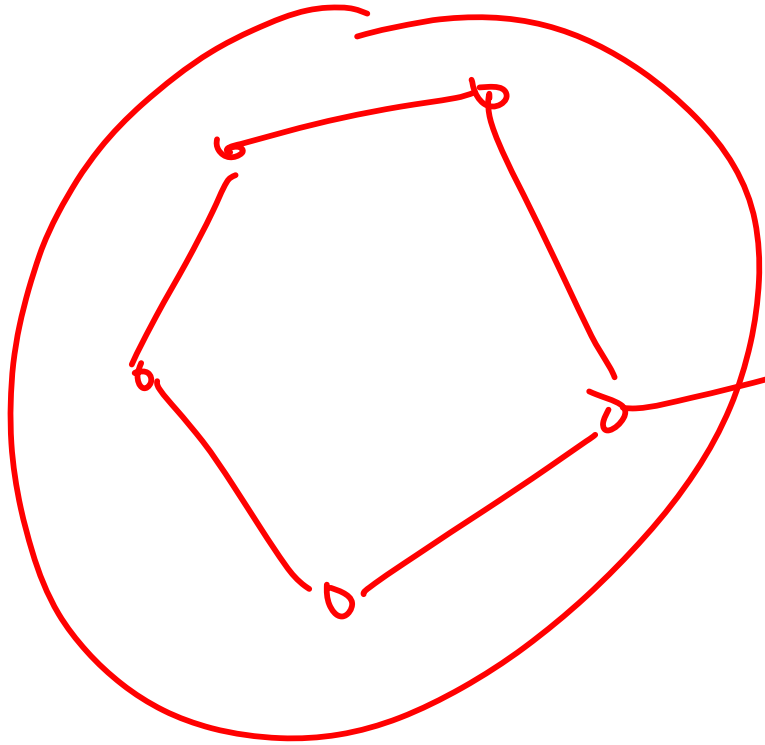
$$\chi = k$$

$$\left\lceil \frac{n}{2} \right\rceil$$

$$\alpha = \left\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \right\rfloor$$

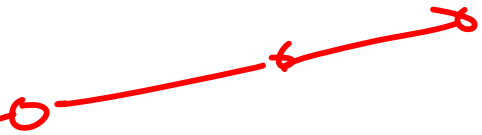
$$\alpha < k$$

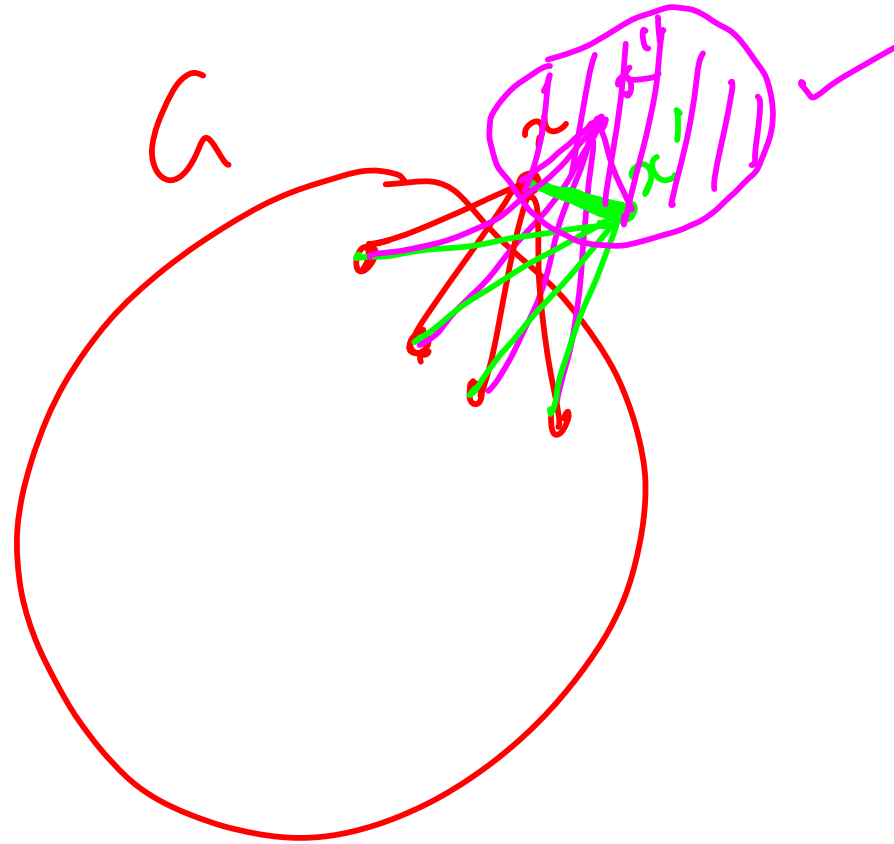
$$\chi(\bar{G}) > \omega(\bar{G})$$

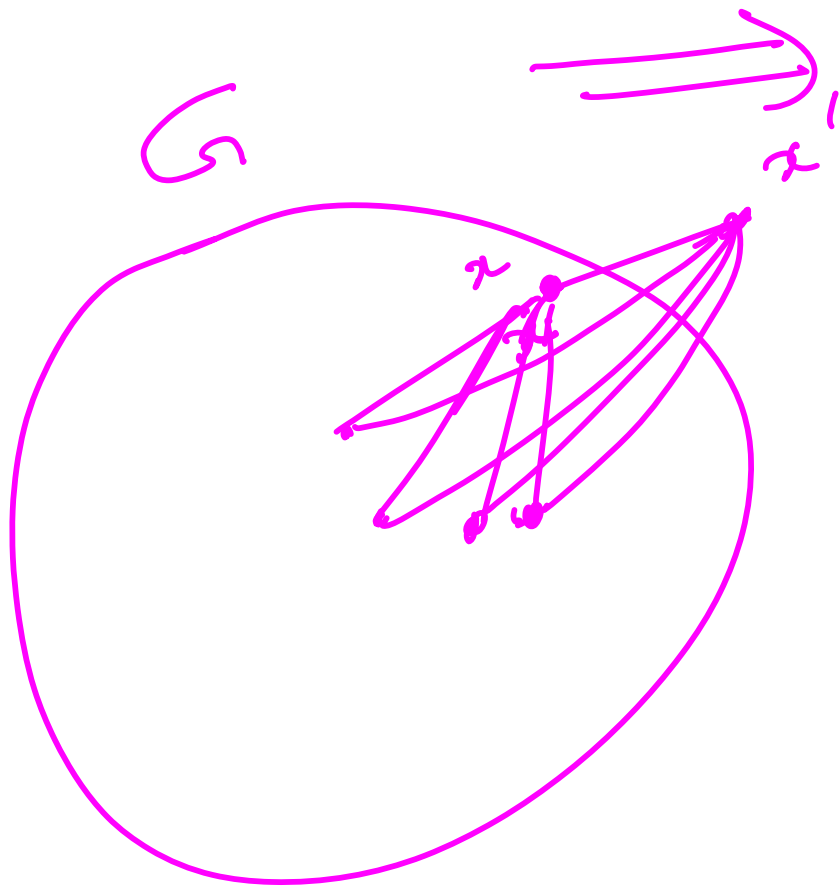


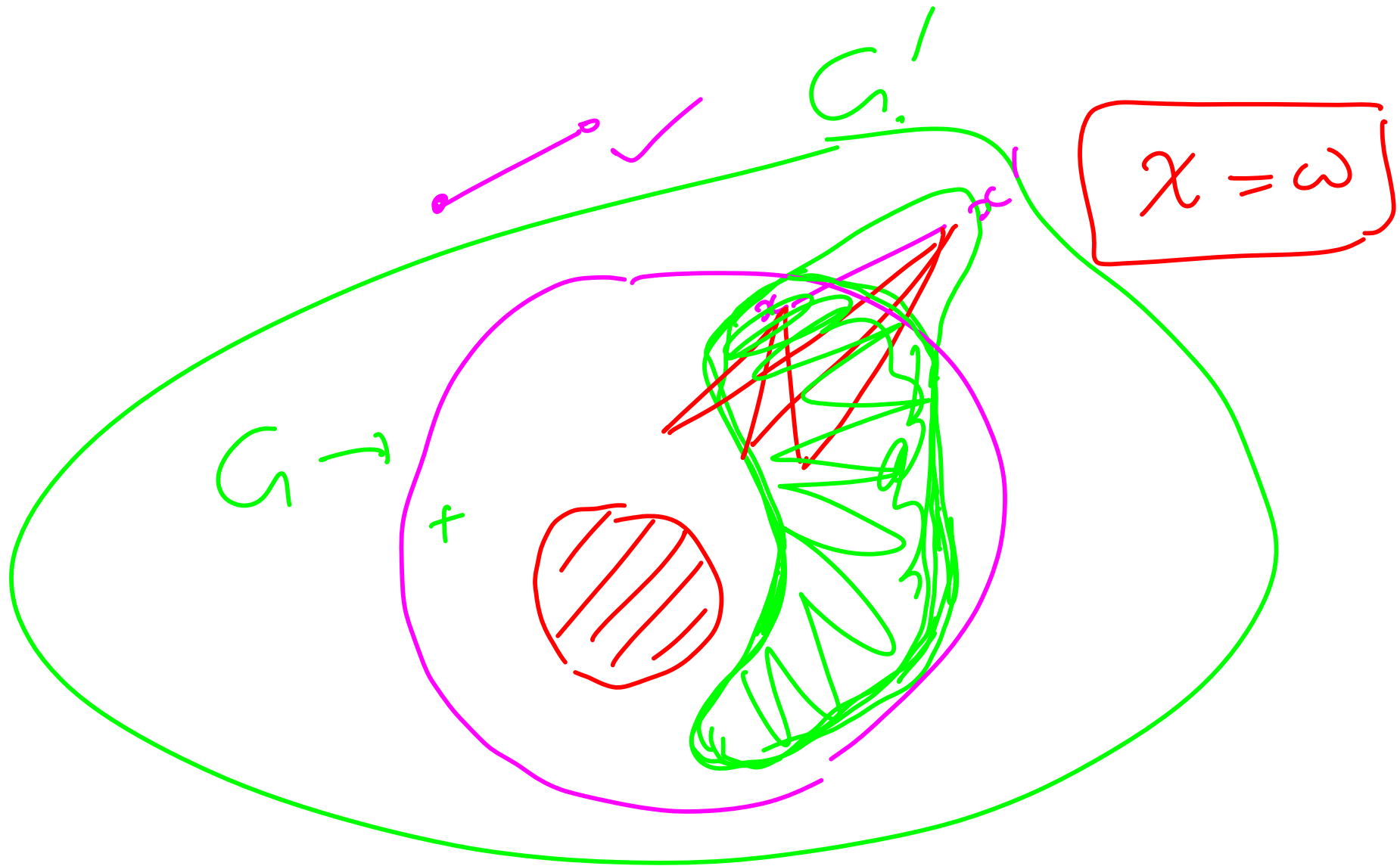
$$\chi = \omega$$

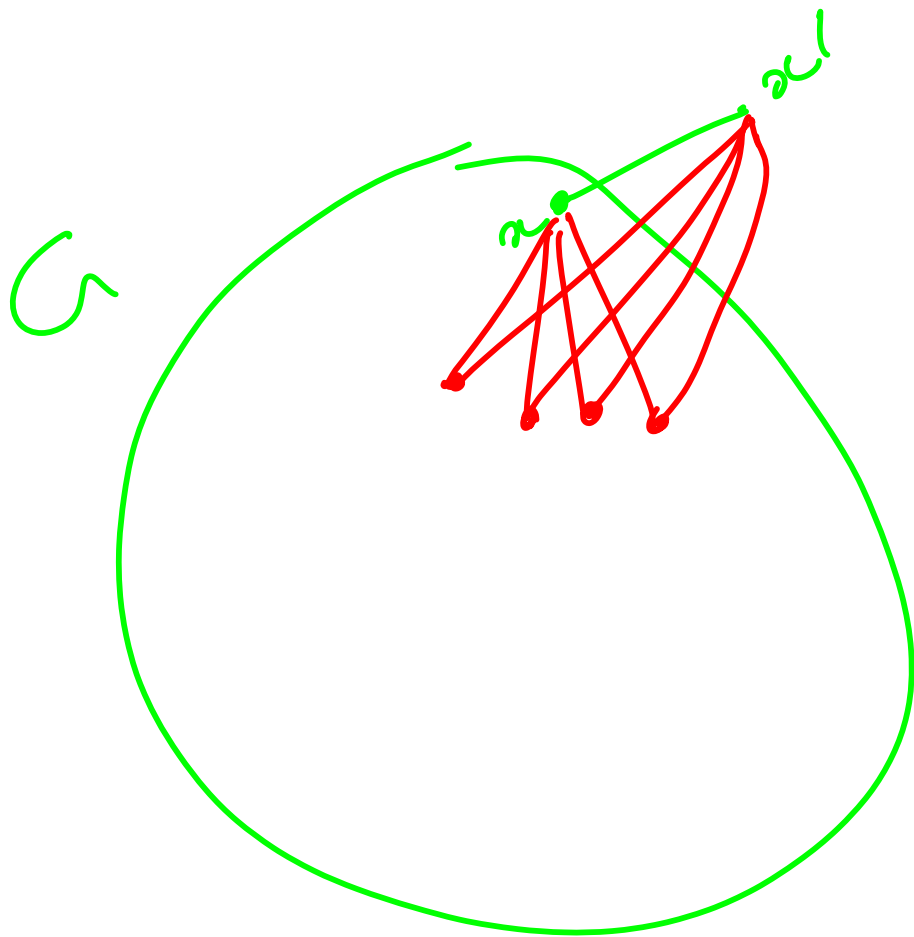
$$\chi = \omega$$











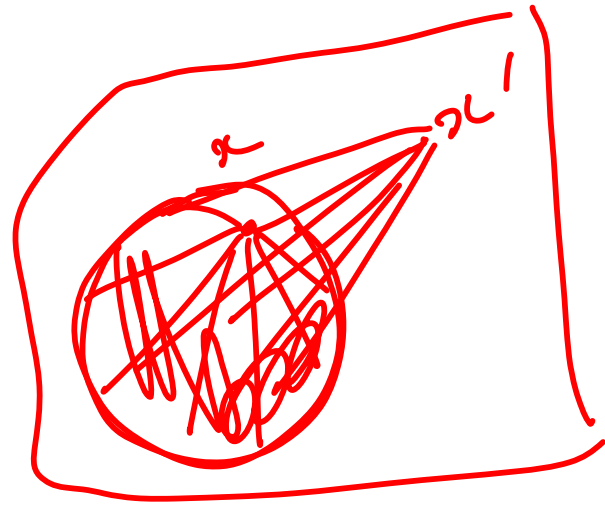
$$\omega(G') = \chi(G')$$

$$\omega(G) = \chi(G)$$

↓ +1

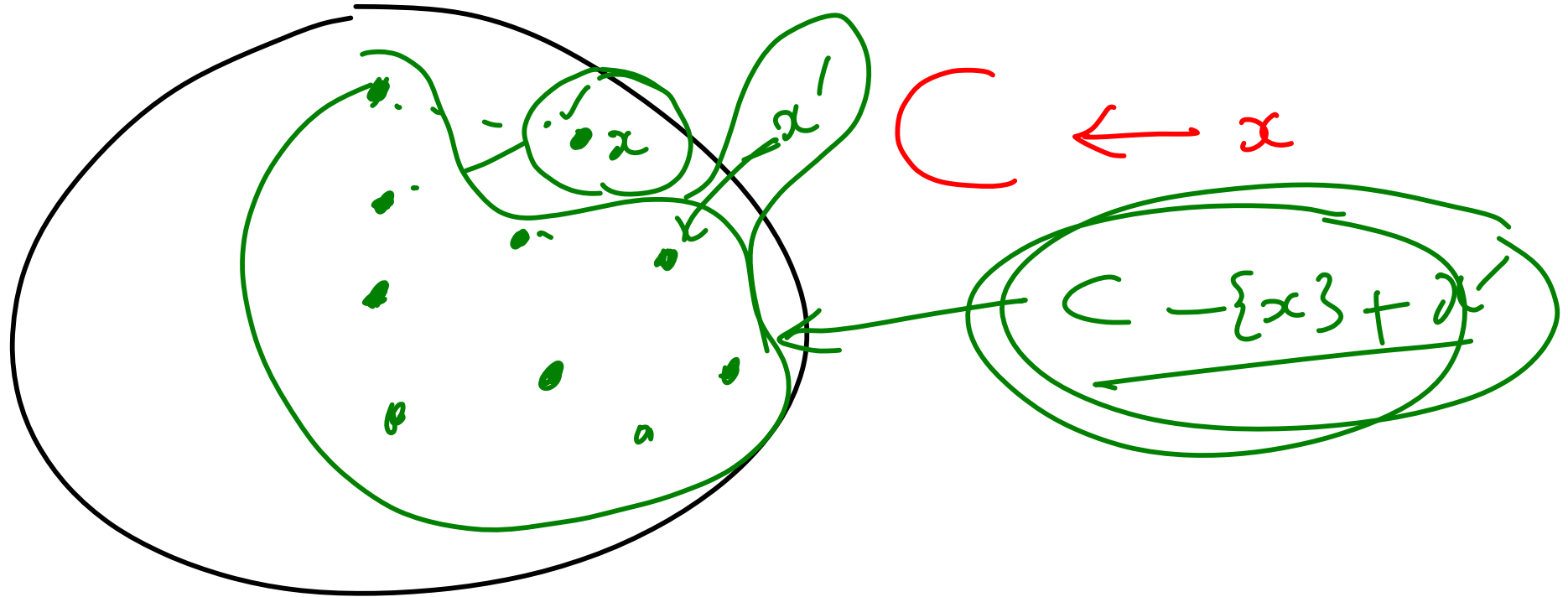
↓ +1

$$\omega(G')$$



ω -coloring of G

$$\chi(a) = \omega$$

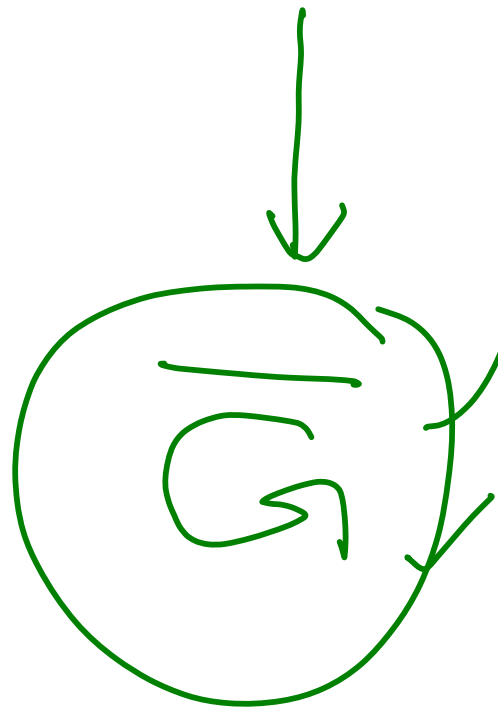


$G'' \longrightarrow$

G'

$$\begin{aligned} \omega - 1 &= \underbrace{\chi(G) - 1}_{+1} \\ &= \chi(G') \\ &= \underline{\underline{\omega}} \end{aligned}$$

G is a perfect



is perfect

$$\chi(\bar{G})$$

$$= \omega(\bar{G})$$

$$k(G) = \alpha(G)$$

K in G such that

K intersect with all the
maximum independent sets
of G

$$\mathcal{K} \rightarrow \{k_1, k_2, k_3, \dots\}$$

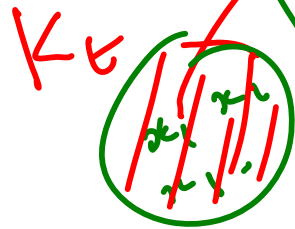
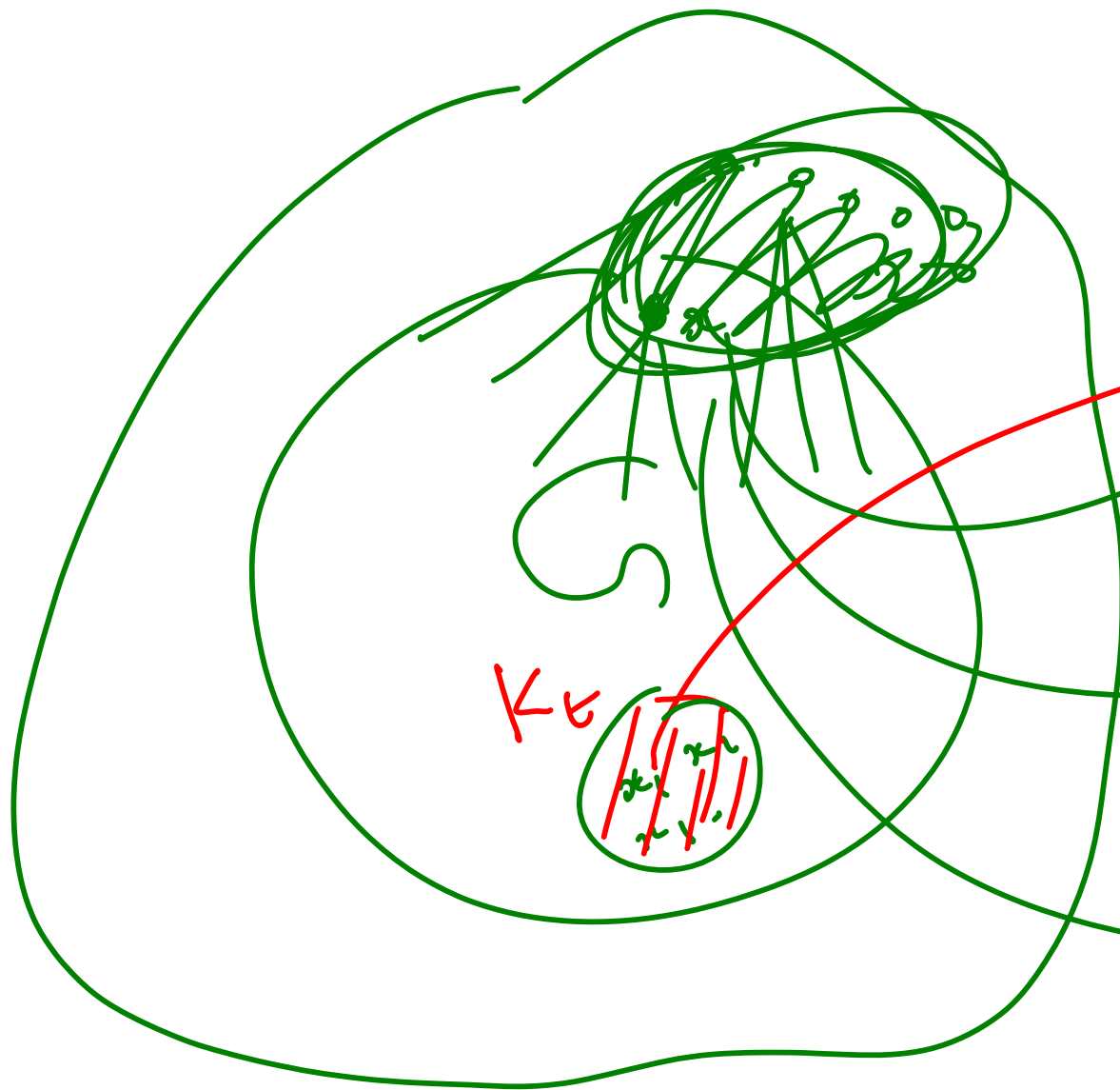
S_1

$k_1 \cap S_1 = \emptyset$

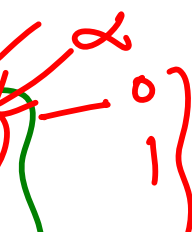
$|S_1| = \infty$

$k_2 \cap S_2 = \emptyset$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} k_i \leftrightarrow S_i \\ k_i \cap S_i = \emptyset \end{array} \right\} \left\{ |S_i| = \infty \right\}$



$K_1 \rightarrow$



$K_2 \rightarrow$

S_2

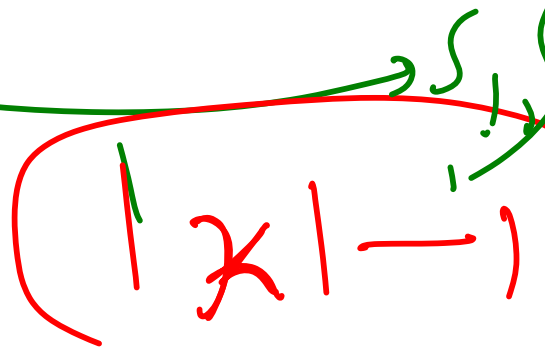


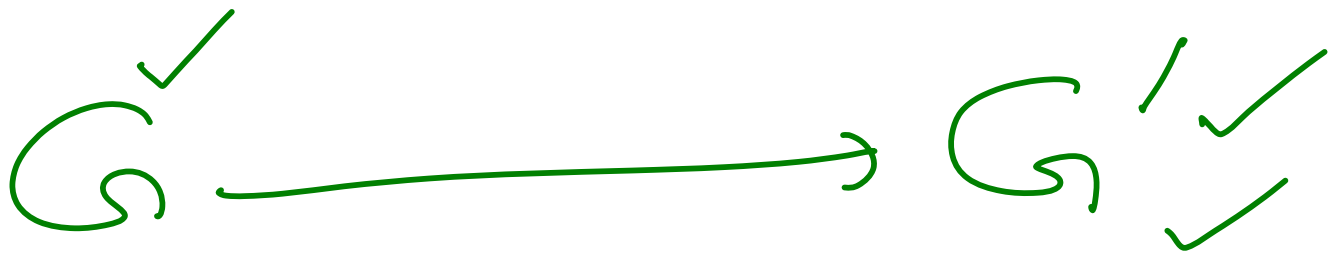
$K_3 \rightarrow$

S_3

$K_4 \rightarrow$

S_4





$$\chi(G') \approx \omega(G')$$

$$\chi(G') > \omega(G')$$

$$|\chi|$$

$$|\chi| - 1$$

$\omega(G')$

X of $G \rightarrow$

$$\underbrace{\omega(G')} = \sum_{x \in X} h(x) \leq \underbrace{(|K| - 1)}_{\checkmark}$$

$$X = \{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_t\}$$

$$\underbrace{\chi(G')}_{\checkmark} \geq |K| > |K - 1| \geq \omega(G)$$

$$X \supseteq \frac{|G'|}{\alpha(G')} \alpha$$

$$\alpha(G') \leq \alpha(G)$$

$$\lambda \in \text{Ker } \alpha \iff |\sigma'| = \alpha$$

$$|\sigma'| = \sum_{x \in V(\sigma)} h(x) = \alpha |K|$$