## NPTEL Course on Numerical Optimization Module 5 : Convex Functions Practice Problems

- 1. Discuss the convexity and concavity of the following functions:
  - (a)  $f(\mathbf{x}) = \log(\sum_{i=1}^{n} e^{x_i})$
  - (b)  $f(\mathbf{x}) = e^{\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{x}}$  where **A** is a positive definite matrix.
  - (c)  $f(\mathbf{x}) = \|\mathbf{x}\|_2$
  - (d)  $f(\mathbf{x}) = -x_1^2 4x_2^2 9x_3^2 + 2x_1x_2 + 3x_1x_3 + 6x_2x_3$
  - (e)  $f(x) = \sqrt{1 x^2}, -1 \le x \le 1$
  - (f)  $f(\mathbf{x}) = \log(x_1^a x_2^a \dots x_a^n)$  where  $x_i > 0 \forall i$  and a > 0
- 2. Prove that  $2e^{x+y} \leq e^{2x} + e^{2y}$  for all  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ .
- 3. Are the following problems convex programming problems? Justify your answer.
  - (1)

$$\begin{array}{ll} \max & \log(1+x_1) + x_2 \\ \text{s.t.} & 2x_1 + x_2 \le 3 \\ & x_1, x_2 \ge 0 \end{array}$$

(2)

$$\begin{array}{ll} \min & |x - 1| + |x - 4| \\ \text{s.t.} & 0 \le x \le 5 \end{array}$$

4. Solve the problem:

min 
$$(x_1 + 2x_2 - 3)^2$$
  
s.t.  $x_1, x_2 \in \mathbb{R}$ 

- 5. If f and h are convex functions, then show that the function  $\max\{f,h\}$  is also convex.
- 6. Show that a convex function defined on a closed real interval attains its maximum at one of the endpoints of the interval.