

Assignment 5 : Solution

Note Title

5/1/2012

Q.1 $y' = f(x, y)$, $y(x_0) = y_0$, $x_{n+1} - x_n = h$

$$y(x_{n+1}) - y(x_{n-1}) = \int_{x_{n-1}}^{x_{n+1}} f(x, y(x)) dx$$

Apply Simpson Rule:

$$y_{n+1} - y_{n-1} = \frac{2h}{6} \left[f(x_{n-1}, y_{n-1}) + 4f(x_n, y_n) + f(x_{n+1}, y_{n+1}) \right]$$

First Iterate :

$$y_{n+1}^{(1)} = y_{n-1} + \frac{h}{3} \left(f_{n-1} + 4f_n + f_{n+1}^{(0)} \right) - \frac{h^5}{90} y^{(5)}(3)$$

Q.2 $y' = f(x, y)$, $y(x_0) = y_0$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + \int_{x_n}^{x_{n+1}} p_1(x) dx,$$

p_1 : linear polynomial on $[x_n, x_{n+1}]$

interpolating $f(x, y(x))$ at x_n and x_{n+1} .

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{2} [f(x_n, y(x_n)) + f(x_{n+1}, y(x_{n+1}))] \dots (*)$$

$$y(x_{n+1}) \simeq y(x_n) + h y'(x_n)$$

$$= y(x_n) + h f(x_n, y(x_n))$$

$$y(x_n) \simeq y_n, \quad h f(x_n, y(x_n)) \simeq h f(x_n, y_n) = k_1$$

$$h f(x_{n+1}, y(x_{n+1})) \simeq h f(x_n + h, y_n + k_1) = k_2$$

Then (*) becomes Runge-Kutta method
of order 2.

Q.3 Note that

$$Ax(1) = x_2, \quad Ax(i) = x_{i-1} + x_{i+1}, \quad 2 \leq i \leq n-1,$$

$$Ax(n) = x_{n-1}.$$

$$Au^{(k)}(1) = \sin \frac{2k\pi}{n+1} = 2 \cos \frac{k\pi}{n+1} \sin \frac{k\pi}{n+1},$$

$$Au^{(k)}(i) = \sin \frac{(i-1)k\pi}{n+1} + \sin \frac{(i+1)k\pi}{n+1}$$

$$= 2 \cos \frac{k\pi}{n+1} \sin \frac{ik\pi}{n+1}, \quad 2 \leq i \leq n-1,$$

$$A u^{(k)}(n) = \frac{\sin((n-1)k\pi)}{n+1}$$

$$= 2 \cos \frac{k\pi}{n+1} \sin \frac{n k \pi}{n+1}$$

Thus $A u^{(k)} = \left(2 \cos \frac{k\pi}{n+1} \right) u^{(k)}$

And the eigenvalues of A are

$$2 \cos \frac{k\pi}{n+1}, \quad k = 1, 2, \dots, n$$

Q.4

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} d & e & 0 & \cdots \\ e & d & e & 0 & \cdots \\ 0 & e & d & e & \cdots \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots \\ 0 & & & e & d & e \\ & & & & e & d \end{bmatrix}$$

eigenvalues of
A are :

$$d + 2e \cos \frac{k\pi}{n+1}, \quad k=1, \dots, n$$

$$= dI + e \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & & \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ & \ddots & & \\ 0 & & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$